# Passaic County Annual Homeless Assessment Report January 1, 2012 – December 31, 2012

## I. Introduction

The following report provides Passaic County Continuum of Care with a look at the HMIS data that was used for the 2012 Northern New Jersey Regional Homeless Assessment Report. This report includes the same categories and population breakdowns that were presented in the Regional Report and can be used for individual comparison.

Identical to the Regional Report, this report is based on unduplicated numbers in which a family is a household with at least one child age 17 or younger and at least one adult age 18 or older. Adult couples were also considered families for this report. All others were considered homeless individuals. Again identical to the Northern Regional Report, a person was considered a youth if they were between the ages of 18 - 24 and were identified as the head of household.

All percentages are based on the total number of actual responses, an answer of "don't know" or missing data were not represented or calculated in this report.

In order for a HMIS program to be included in this report they needed to be designated in HMIS as a "homeless only" program and have a program category of emergency shelter, transitional housing, or permanent housing.

## **III. Findings for Total Population Served**

## Key Findings:

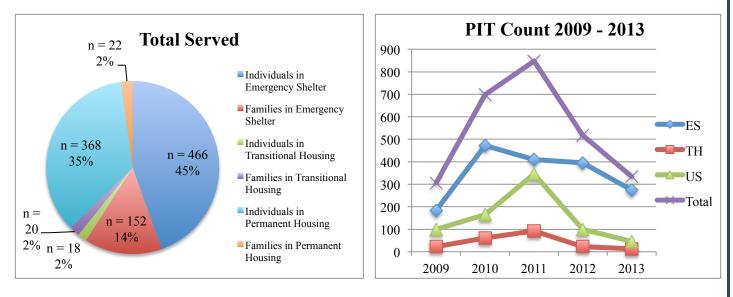
- A total of 1,046 households were served in HMIS participating emergency shelters, transitional housing, and permanent housing programs during the January 1, 2012 – December 31, 2012 report period
- A total of 106 individuals were identified as chronically homeless
- 35% of the total population including children and adults either served as individuals or families identified having a disability
- 26% of the total population served was between the ages of 50 and 65
- Among children served as part of a family, 54% were under the age of six
- 56% of the head of households served had obtained their high school diploma/GED or higher education
- 32% of individuals and 50% of families moved on to permanent housing upon discharge

	Passaic County	Northern New Jersey	New Jersey
Total Persons Served	1,375	13,631	25,870
Emergency Shelter	880	9,122	17,776
Individuals	466	6,520	12,163
Families	414	2,602	5,613
Transitional Housing	63	2,510	4,837
Individuals	18	746	2,072
Families	45	1,764	2,765
Permanent Housing	432	1,999	3,257
Individuals	368	1,410	2,217
Families	64	589	1,040

## **Total Homeless Population**.

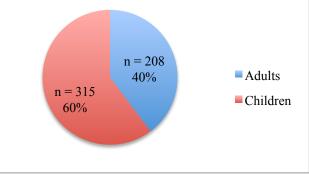
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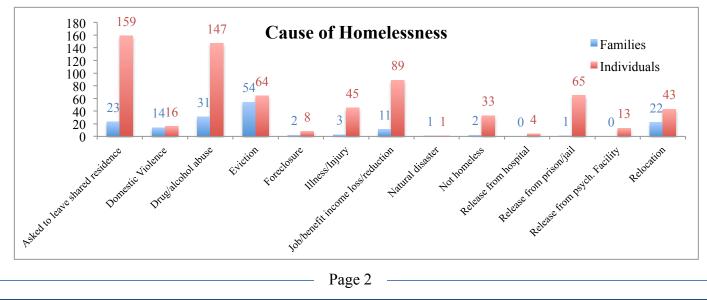
A total of 1,046 households involving 1,375 persons were housed in Passaic County. This represents 10% of all 10,513 households as well as 10% of all 13,631 persons who were homeless throughout Northern New Jersey.



Adults vs. Children in Families. The average size of a homeless family in Passaic County is 3 persons for both emergency shelter and permanent housing and 2 persons for transitional housing programs. The average age for children in families in emergency shelter is 6, transitional housing is 4, and permanent housing is 10 years old.



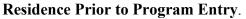


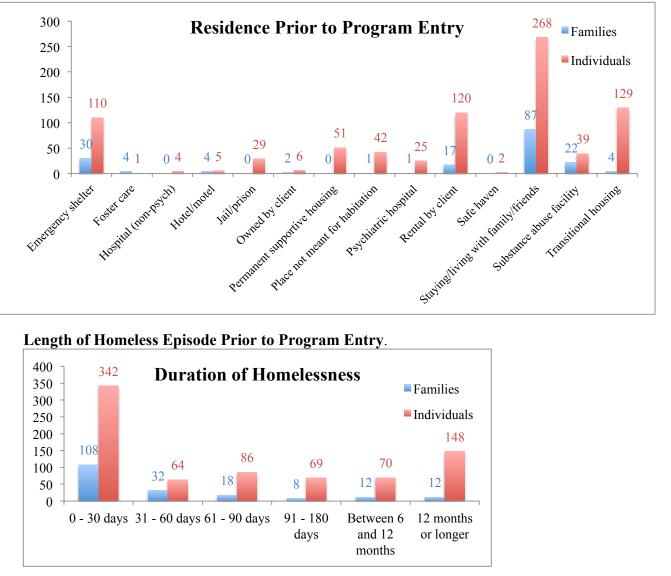


#### Cause of Homelessness.

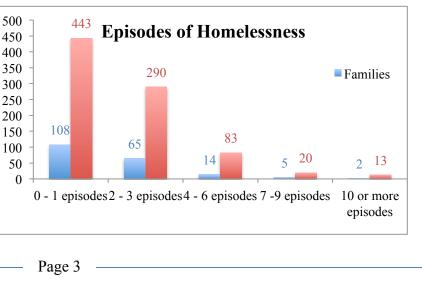
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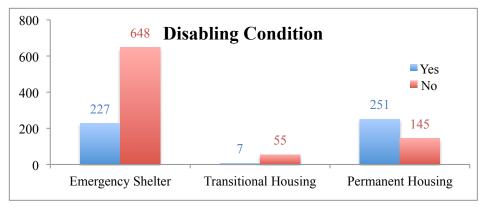
**Episodes of Homelessness and Chronic Homelessness**. Out of all individuals served, a total of 106 or 12% were identified as chronically homeless.



2012

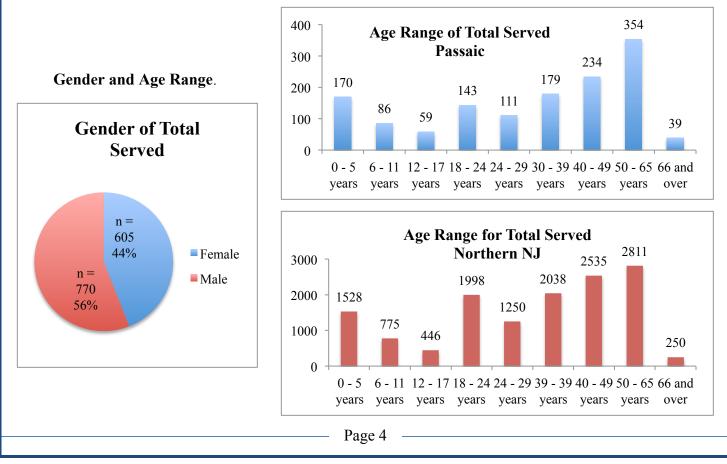
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#### **Disabling Condition**.



For those whom indicated a disabling condition, the breakdown is as follows:

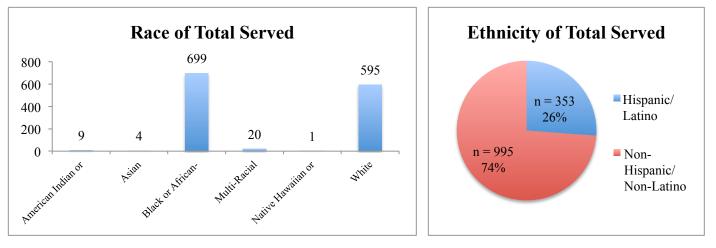
Disabling Condition	Individuals	%	Families	%
Yes	56	13%	25	16%
Yes – Chronic physical illness or disability	80	18%	4	8%
Yes – Developmental disability	18	4%	4	8%
Yes – Diagnosable substance use disorder	148	34%	6	12%
Yes – Dually diagnosed	7	2%	3	6%
Yes – Serious mental illness	126	29%	8	16%
Total	435	100%	50	100%



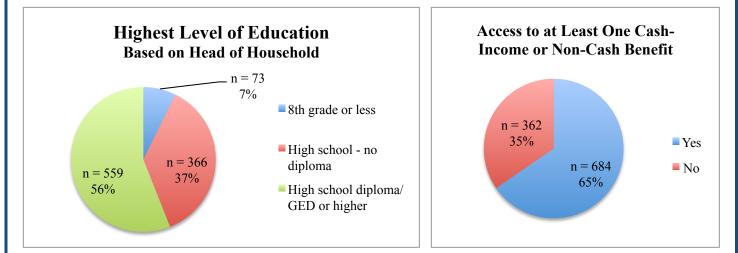
2012

**Veteran Status**. A total of 35 veterans were served in emergency shelters, transitional housing, and permanent housing programs. This accounted for 3% of all adults served.

### Race and Ethnicity.



## Level of Education and Access to Cash-Income/Non-Cash Benefits.

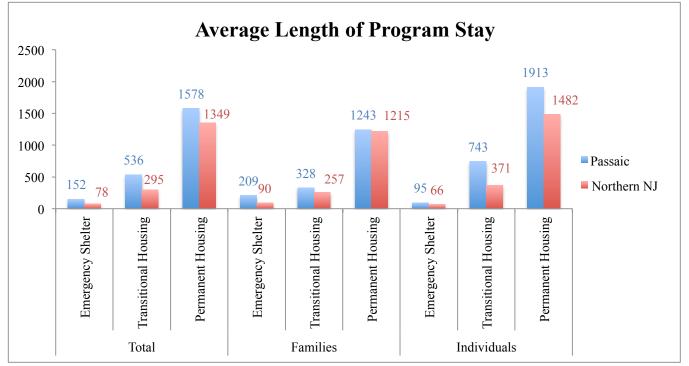


General Public Assistance was the most reported cash-income with a total of 25% of all households served receiving GA.

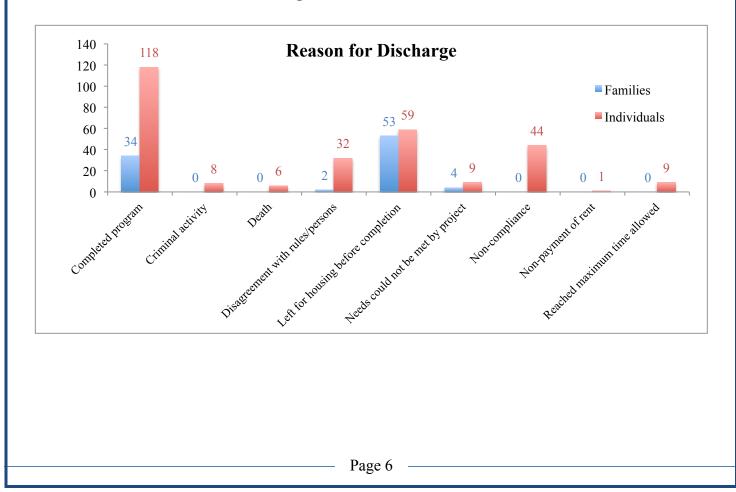
The most reported non-cash benefit for all households was Food Stamps with 48% of households receiving this benefit.

2012

Average Length of Program Stay.

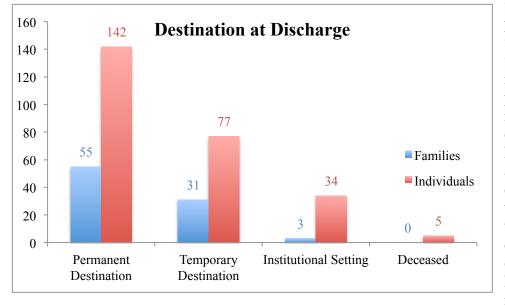


#### Reason and Destination at Discharge.





A total of 560 households were discharged during the 2012 reporting period. A permanent housing destination includes a unit owned or rented by a client, permanent supportive housing



for formerly homeless person, or living with a family member or friend permanently. The common most permanent housing response was rental by client with 29% of total households moving into a rental. This rental could with be or without a subsidy. A temporary discharge destination includes an emergency shelter. hotel or motel, place not meant for habitation.

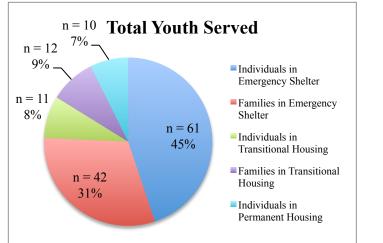
staying with a family member or friend temporarily, or transitional housing for homeless persons. The most common form of temporary housing as a destination was staying with family/friends temporarily, which involved 17% of the total population. An institutional destination includes hospital (psychiatric or non-psychiatric), jail or prison, or a substance abuse treatment facility. The most common institutional destination reported was substance abuse facility with 4% of the total discharges.

## **IV. Findings for Youth Population**

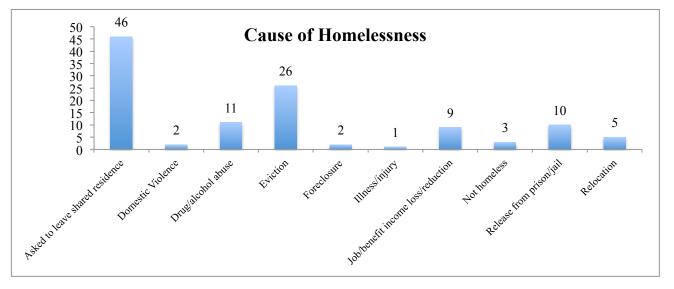
#### **Key Findings**

- A total of 136 homeless youth were served in HMIS participating emergency shelters, transitional housing, or permanent housing programs during the January 1, 2012 December 31, 2012 report period
- Youth households represented 17% of those served in emergency shelter, 61% of those served in transitional housing, and 3% of those served in permanent housing
- 65% of youth served were female which differed from the total population in which 56% were male
- Youth had shorter program stays in all three program categories when compared to the total population
- 29% of youth were discharged into permanent destinations upon exiting the program

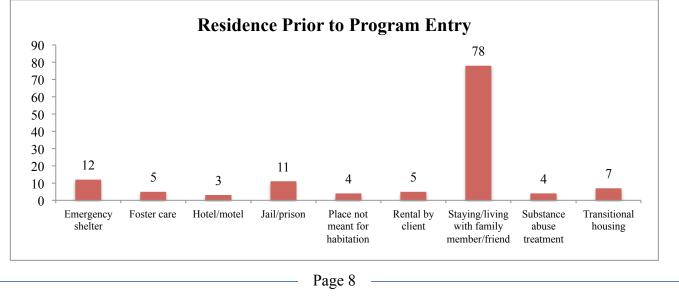
Total Served. A total of 136 youth were served as a head of household in Passaic County during the January 1, 2012 -December 31, 2012 reporting period. Youth households represent 17% (103) of households served in emergency shelters, 61% (23) of households served in transitional housing, and 3% (10) of households served in permanent housing. The average age of youth served was 22 for emergency shelter, 20 for transitional housing, and 23 for permanent housing.



### Cause of Homelessness.



**Residence Prior to Program Entry.** 

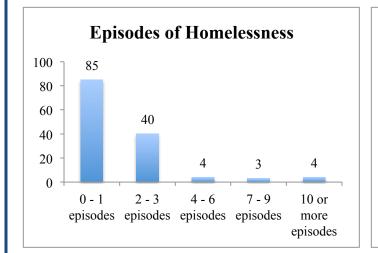


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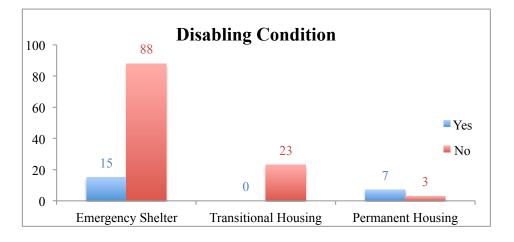


**Episodes and Duration of Homelessness and Chronic Homelessness**. A total of 3 homeless youth were identified as chronically homeless during this reporting period. This number represents 3% of the total number of individuals identified as chronically homeless.





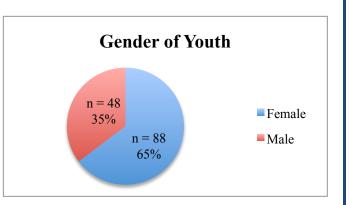
## **Disabling Condition**.



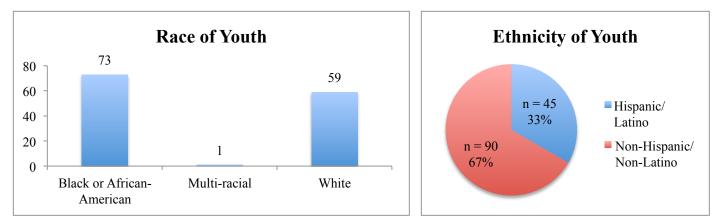
For those indicating a disabling condition, the breakdown is as follows:

Disabling Condition	Youth	%	
Yes	6	27%	
Yes – Chronic physical illness or disability	1	5%	
Yes – Developmental disability	2	9%	
Yes – Diagnosable substance use disorder	9	41%	
Yes – Dually diagnosed	1	5%	
Yes – Serious mental illness	3	14%	
Total	2	100%	

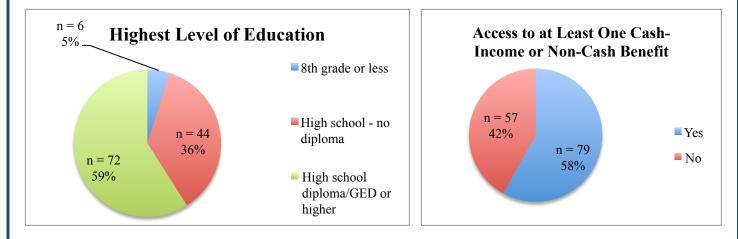
**Gender and Veterans Served**. Only 1 youth served throughout Passaic County identified themself as a veteran. This accounts for 3% of the total veterans served.



Race and Ethnicity.



## Level of Education and Cash-Income Sources/Non-Cash Benefits.

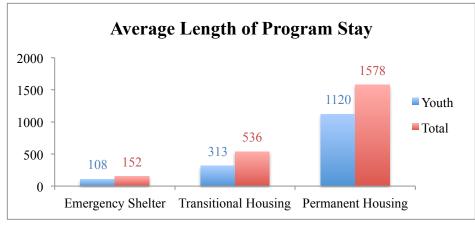


The most commonly reported cash-income for youth was TANF with 24% of the youth served receiving TANF.

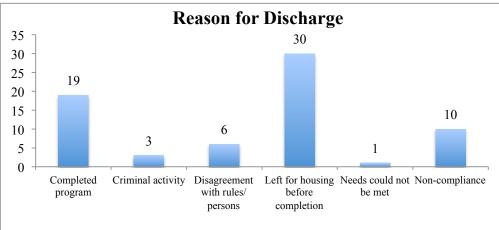
The most commonly reported non-cash benefit by youth was Food Stamps with 46% of the youth population receiving this benefit.

2012 Monarch

Average Length of Program Stay.



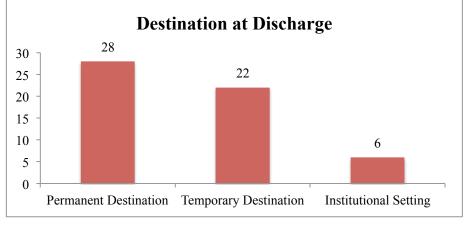
**Reason and Destination at Discharge**. A total of 97 youth were discharged from emergency shelters, transitional housing, and permanent housing programs during the 2012 reporting period.



А permanent housing destination includes unit а owned or rented by a client, permanent supportive housing for formerly homeless, or living with а family member or friend permanently. The most common permanent

desination at discharge was a rental by client which accounted for 24% of the total responses. A temporary discharge destination includes an emergency shelter, hotel or motel, place not meant

for habitation, staying with a family member or friend temporarily, or transitional housing for the homeless. The most common temporary destination was staying with family/friends which temporarily acounted for 22% of the responses. An institutional destination includes hospital (psychiatric or non-psychiatric), jail or



prison, or a substance abuse treatment facility. The most commonly reported institutional destination was substance abuse facility with 4% of the total discharges.

Page 11